Hybrid Method for Tagging Arabic Text

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Outline

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- Memory-Based Learning
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Introduction

- several important approaches to tagging
 - Hidden Markov Models
 - Finite StateTransducers
- Drawbacks of thease approches:
 - They are inflexible
 - Based on small amount of information



Introduction

- Approaches based on the position of the word in the sentence are not appropriate for tagging Arabic words.
 - Arabic has a weak positional constraint
 - Ambiguity in Arabic is enormous at every level
 - The absence of the short vowels increase the ambiguity

Overview of POS Tagging Techniques

- There are many methods which can be classified in three groups:
 - Linguistic approach
 - Based on set of rules written by linguists
 - Statistical approach
 - requires much less human effort
 - Machine learning based approach
 - Acquire a language model from a training corpus

Hybrid Method For Tagging

- Combining more than one method so it get the advantages of each one of them
 - Rules-based tagging
 - Machine learning based tagging

Rules-Based Tagging

- Affix signs
 - Proper to nouns
 - Proper to verbs
 - Proper to nouns and verbs
- The pattern signs
- Grammatical rules signs
- Other signs
 - Number
 - Gender
 - Preposition
 - Conjunction

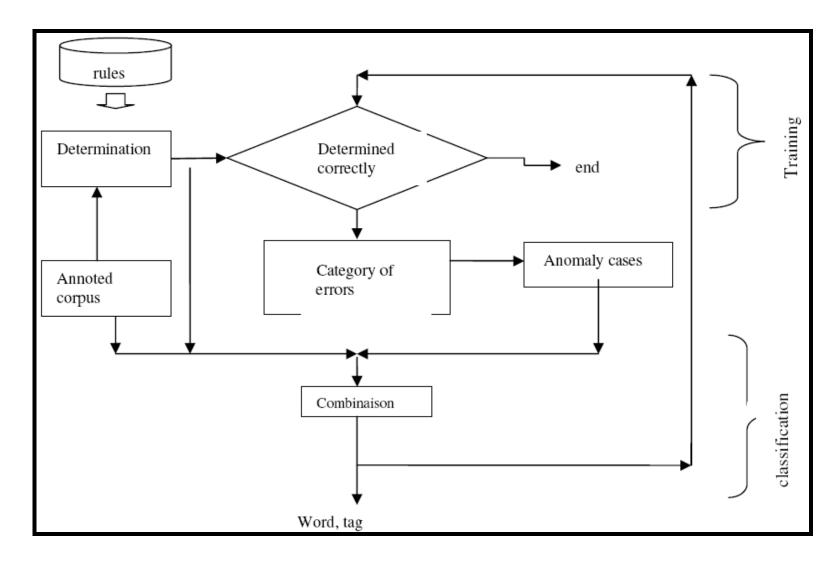
Memory-Based Learning

- Simple learning methods in where examples are massively retained in memory.
- The similarity between memory examples and new examples is used to predict the outcome of a new example.

Memory-Based Learning System

- Contains two components:
 - A learning component which is memory storage
 - A performance component that does similarity-based classification

Memory-Based Learning System



Evaluation

- Examples when only rules are applied:
- Example 1:
 - خَمِيْلٌ is a word with same consonant string and same vowels but has different tags: application of rule only produce the same tag for both cases.
 - جَمِيْلُ يَشْرَبُ
 Must take the tag: NCSgMNI
 - ه الجَوُ جَمِيْلٌ adjective must take the tag: NACSgMNI

Evaluation

- Example 2:
 - ه من المعنية معنية المعنية المع
- Example 3:
 - شَتْان، هَيهَات ...etc. show that a very high number of adjective can not be handled correctly and can be tagged as verbs.
- Example 3:
 - مدارس، أقلام، قصور and other broken plurals
 are classified as singular



Results

- Use of memory-based learning allows for easy integration of different information sources and can handle exceptions efficiently and has a number of advantages over statistical POS tagger.
 - Makes the tagging process more robust
 - Development time and processing is faster
 - Involves the disambiguation of word on basis of both sources



Results

- All experiments are performed on text extracted from educational books and some Qur'anic text. The tag set used is derived from APT.
- Rule based method gave 85% of correct result
- The Hyper method gave 98.2% of correct result

Results

The figure shows some experimental results

Table 3: Results using rules-based and hybrid method

Test corpus	Rules only (%)	Rules only with correct pos tag (%)	Hybrid pos tag complete subtags (%)	Hybrid with correct complete subtag (%)
Originaltest	84.45	83.98	96.53	94.32
Test with pre-annoted	88.06	86.48	98.01	97.00
names				



Conclusion

- This proposed approach allows a new method for tagging Arabic by a combination of based-rules and a memory-based learning.
- This approach is based on linguistic rules and the tag is verified by memory-based learning.



Conclusion

- Rule-based system is quite easy to extend, maintain and modify.
- Such method combined with memorybased learning involved filling the gaps in the lexicon and modifying the POS tag set in order to meet the requirements of NLP tasks.
- The proposed approach can also be applied to other NLP processing such as chunking.



Thank you for listening

Any Question ?